

vventos@nukk.ai Cofounder, Head of Research at NukkAl



### $0^{\prime}$

# A private Al lab based in Paris



Co-founded with Jean-Baptiste Fantun in may 2018



# We build the next generation of Artificial Intelligence



## **PINKY** Gee, Brain, what do you want to do tonight?

## **THE BRAIN** The same thing we do every night, Pinky. Try to take over the world.





# Hybrid AI : mixed paradigms



"The most powerful AI systems use Deep Learning as just one element in a very complicated ensemble of techniques" Pr Gary Marcus, NY University



### Hereich Al Powerful Providing explanations Good generalization Data frugal Easy human validation

## **Hybrid AI: Human-AI collaboration**



### Al at the service of humans





### Centaur

05

## From Bridge to business verticals



### The sandbox: Bridge



Industry









### Healthcare





## **NuX explainers**



### Intelligent Dashboard over raw data





# Bridge in short

Trick-taking game played with 52 standard cards opposing two pairs of player

Cards are dealt **randomly** to the four players Each of them only sees his hand (13 cards)

**Incomplete information game**: players do not have common knowledge of the game being played

Two game phases:

- Bidding
- Card Play





# **Card Play**





## **Meta-actions**

Groupings of elementary actions that allow to win extra trick(s) under specific conditions.

Meta-actions are described using logical formulae (STRIPS approach)

A high-level strategy is a set of meta-actions.



The direct finesse against the VQ in E has succeeded. Hence, the declarer gains

### A common language between humans and machines





## **NuX-Bridge: Automated board analysis**

### Inputs

### One or multiple traces

- Initial situation
- Deal evolution

### Bridge KB

- Objects KB
- Meta-actions KB

### A priori analysis of a situation and of applicable metaactions

- Context:
- Complete information
- Incomplete information

### A posteriori analysis

- Meta-actions observable in traces
- Their probability of success

The expert's focus, directed on the most important aspects of the trace

abstraction

High level comparison of traces





### **Outputs**

Natural language descriptions provided on different levels of

# **NuX-Bridge**



# Visualisation of the initial situation

alysis Traces compa	risons	BK d	bject	s		В	K oth	
							IX OUI	er
	·	Trace ar	alys	is t	rick	by t	rick	
S	ow E/W	1	w	٠	8	A e	5 4	~
♠ AQT		2	Ν	٠	2 .	J (	K 4	~
• AKJ92		3 🔹	s	٠	2	7 (	T 6	~
♠ AJT		4 🔹	Ν	۲	3	5 (	T 6	~
N		5 🔎	S	٠	з,	J (	Q 8	V
	- 11	6 🔎	Ν	٠	A :	94	K	V
W E		7	Ν	٠	ĸ	7 5	j 3	~
S		8 🔎	Ν	٠	T :	2 4	6	V
♦ 5432		9	Ν	٠	<b>A</b> :	3 5	5 7	$\sim$
♥ АКТ9		10	Ν	٠	J	Q (	K 8	V
• 54		11 🔎	s	٠	5	•7 •	2 🔹 0	1 v
♥ K54	- L	12	S	۲	A	в •	9 •T	~
		13	S	۲	9	9 •	J ∙O	~
	<ul> <li>▲ AQT</li> <li>♀ 32</li> <li>▲ AKJ92</li> <li>▲ AJT</li> <li>N</li> <li>𝔅</li> <li>𝔅</li></ul>	<ul> <li>AQT</li> <li>32</li> <li>AKJ92</li> <li>AJT</li> <li>N</li> <li>E</li> <li>S</li> <li>\$5432</li> <li>AKT9</li> <li>\$54</li> <li>K54</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>AQT</li> <li>32</li> <li>AKJ92</li> <li>AJT</li> <li>N</li> <li>E</li> <li>5432</li> <li>AKT9</li> <li>54</li> <li>K54</li> </ul>	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & W \\ 2 & N \\ 2 & N \\ 2 & N \\ 2 & N \\ 3 & S \\ 3 & S \\ 4 & N \\ 5 & S \\ 4 & N \\ 5 & S \\ 6 & N \\ 7 & N \\ 8 & N \\ 9 & N \\ 10 & N \\ 11 & S \\ 12 & S \\ 13 & S \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & W & \bullet \\ 2 & N & \vee \\ 2 & N & \vee \\ 3 & \bullet & S & \bullet \\ & A \downarrow T \\ \hline \\ W & E \\ S \\ \bullet & 5432 \\ \bullet & AKT9 \\ \bullet & 54 \\ \bullet & K54 \\ \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 1 & W & \bullet \\ 2 & N & \vee \\ 3 & \bullet & S & \bullet \\ 4 & \bullet & N & \vee \\ 5 & \bullet & S & \bullet \\ 6 & \bullet & N & \bullet \\ 7 & N & \bullet \\ 8 & \bullet & N & \bullet \\ 9 & N & \bullet \\ 10 & N & \bullet \\ 11 & S & \bullet \\ 12 & S & \vee \\ 13 & S & \vee \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & W & 8 \\ 2 & N & 2 \\ 3 & S & 2 \\ 4 & N & 3 \\ 5 & S & 3 \\ 5 & S & 3 \\ 6 & N & A \\ 5 & S & 3 \\ 6 & N & A \\ 5 & S & 3 \\ 6 & N & A \\ 7 & N & K \\ 8 & N & T \\ 9 & N & A \\ 9 & N & A \\ 10 & N & J \\ 11 & S & 5 \\ 12 & S & A \\ 13 & S & 9 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & W & \otimes & \otimes & \otimes & \otimes \\ 2 & N & & 2 & J & \otimes \\ 2 & N & & 2 & J & \otimes \\ 3 & \otimes & \otimes & 2 & 7 & \otimes \\ 3 & \otimes & \otimes & \otimes & 2 & 7 & \otimes \\ 4 & & N & & 3 & 5 & \otimes \\ 4 & & N & & 3 & 5 & \otimes \\ 5 & & \otimes & \otimes & 3 & J & \otimes \\ 6 & & N & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 9 & 4 \\ 7 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 3 & 5 \\ 10 & N & & & & & & & & & A & 3 & 5 \\ 10 & N & & & & & & & & & & A & 3 & 5 \\ 10 & N & & & & & & & & & & & \\ 11 & & & & & & $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 & W & \otimes & \otimes & A & 6 & 4 \\ \hline 2 & N & & 2 & J & \hline K & 4 \\ \hline 3 & \otimes & S & \diamond & 2 & 7 & \hline 1 & 6 \\ \hline 4 & & N & & 3 & 5 & \hline 1 & 6 \\ \hline 5 & & S & \diamond & 3 & J & \bigcirc & 8 \\ \hline 6 & & N & & & A & 9 & 4 & \hline K \\ \hline 7 & N & & \hline K & 7 & 5 & 3 \\ \hline 8 & & N & & \hline 1 & 2 & 4 & 6 \\ \hline 9 & N & & \boxed A & 3 & 5 & 7 \\ \hline 10 & N & & J & \bigcirc & \hline K & 8 \\ \hline 11 & S & & \hline 5 & & 7 & +2 & \hline 1 \\ \hline 12 & S & \hline A & 8 & +9 & +T \\ \hline 13 & S & & 9 & +9 & +J & \hline \end{array} $





### Trace analysis, annotations



NATURAL LANGAGE

13

## Initial analysis



INITIAL ANALYSIS



### VISION OF THE DECLARER VS DOUBLE DUMMY

### Before first trick

	٠	۷	٠	٠	Total
Single dummy sure tricks	1	2	2	2	7
Single dummy potential tricks	3	2	3	1	9

### After first trick

Lead: •8 First trick made by North with •A

## Vision declarer vs dd



### Incomplete information



NukkAl

### **Complete information**

## **Probabilistic analysis of MetaActions**

### **VISION OF THE DECLARER**

Valid meta-actions	Single dummy probabilities
Cash by rank in 秦	2%
Cash by rank in 💙	1%
Cash by rank in 🔶	12%
Cash by rank in 秦	10%
Direct finesse against <b></b> ▲K in W	50%
Direct finesse against <b>≜</b> KJ in W	24%
Direct finesse against ♥QJ in E	24%
Direct finesse against  Q in W	50%
Direct finesse against ♦QT in W	24%
Direct finesse against ♣Q in W	50%
Forcing finesse against &Q in E	50%

### Incomplete information

VISION OF THE DECLARER			
Valid meta-actions	Single dummy probabilities	Double dummy check	Warning
Cash by rank in 秦	2%	۲	
Cash by rank in 💙	1%	8	
Cash by rank in 🔶	12%	8	
Cash by rank in 秦	10%	8	
Direct finesse against ♠K in W	50%	<b>S</b>	
Direct finesse against &KJ in W	24%	<b>S</b>	Δ
Direct finesse against ♥QJ in E	24%	<b>S</b>	Δ
Direct finesse against ♦Q in W	50%	8	
Direct finesse against ♦QT in W	24%	8	
Direct finesse against &Q in W	50%	8	
Forcing finesse against &Q in E	50%	0	



### **Complete information**

# **Trace analysis & annotations**

Trace analysis trick by trick A 6 4  $\sim$ K Ν 2 J 4  $\sim$ 3 П S 2 7 6  $\sim$ П 4 Ν 3 5 6  $\sim$ 5 Q 8 S 3 J  $\sim$ A 9 6 4 Κ Ν ۵  $\sim$ K N 🔶 5 3 7 7  $\sim$ Annotations 8 Π Ν 👲 • 2 4 6  $\sim$ A Ν 👲 3 5 7 9  $\sim$ 10 Ν K Q 8 ÷  $\sim$ 5 •7 •2 •Q ∨ 11 🗩 S ٠ 12 A •9 •T √ S 8 ۷ 9 13 •9 •J •Q ∨ S ۷

Raw data



### Trace analysis trick by trick K 4 $\sim$ 2 6 $\sim$ Π 6 5 $\overline{}$ The direct finesse against the ♥Q in E has succeeded. Hence, the declarer gains 1 extra trick. Analysis after the trick Total ۷ ÷ 2 0 4/4 1 Total ۷ ٠ 2 5 1 1 7 1 3 1 2 3 9 1

٠
1
٠
1
2
3

DDS : 9 remaining tricks in N/S

Annotation analysis and explanation



## **High-level trace analysis**

Trick	Meta-action	Status
2	Cash by rank attempt in ♥ Direct finesse against ♥QJ in E	Promising SuccessMaybe
3	Direct finesse against <b></b> ▲KJ in W	Success
4	Direct finesse against ♥Q in E	Success
5	Direct finesse against <b></b> ▲K in W	Success
6	Cash by length attempt in 秦	Success
7	Cash by rank attempt in 🔶	Failed
8	Forcing finesse against &Q in E	Success





META ACTIONS
Single dummy
probabilities
1%
24%
24%
50%
50%
53%
12%
50%

# **Different levels of explanation**

NATURAL LANGAGE

### High level

### Medium level

Low level

After the lead, the declarer only has 7 tricks: 1 trick of ♠, 2 tricks of ♥, 2 tricks of ♦, and 2 tricks of ♣. He still needs 6 more tricks for the contract. The declarer won by establishing 3 tricks of ♠, 2 tricks of ♥, 1 trick of ♣. The defenders could not defeat the contract.

### High level Medium level Low level

Trick 1 : After the lead, the declarer only has 7 tricks. He still needs 6 more tricks for the contract.
Trick 3 : The direct finesse against the ♠K and the ♠J in W has succeeded. Hence, the declarer gains 1 extra trick.
Trick 4 : The direct finesse against the ♥Q in E has succeeded. Hence, the declarer gains 1 extra trick.
Trick 5 : The direct finesse against the ♠K in W has succeeded. Hence, the declarer gains 1 extra trick.
Trick 6 : The declarer has established his spades by a cash by length. Hence, the declarer gains 1 extra trick.
Trick 7 : The declarer fails to drop the high cards of the opponents in diamonds.
Trick 8 : The forcing finesse against the ♣Q in E has succeeded. Hence, the declarer gains 1 extra trick.
Trick 8 : The forcing finesse against the ♣Q in E has succeeded. Hence, the declarer gains 1 extra trick.

High level Medium level Low level	The declarer started with 7 top tricks. They took the lead with the ♦A in dur They played the ♥2, East rose the Ja They played the ♥2 to dummy's Ten, They played the ♥3 to South's Ten, s They played the ♠3 to dummy's Que They cashed the ♠A and both defend They cashed the ♠A and both defend They cashed the ♠K. They ran the ♣T, holding the trick, giv Declarer cashed the ♠A, ♠K. They cashed the ♠5, West discarding Declarer cashed the ♥A, ♥9, North d





### NATURAL LANGAGE

NATURAL LANGAGE

nmy.

- ack and South's King took the trick.
- successfully finessing against the  $\bigstar K$ ,  $\bigstar J$ , giving them 8 total top tricks. successfully finessing against the  $\forall Q$ , giving them 9 total top tricks. en, successfully finessing against the  $\bigstar K$ , giving them 10 total top tricks. ders followed suit, establishing the  $\bigstar 5$ , giving them 11 total top tricks.

ving them 12 total top tricks.

g the ♥7, North discarding the ♦2, East discarding the ♥Q, giving them 13 total top tricks. Iscarding the ♦9, ♦J, West discarding the ♣9, East discarding the ♦T, ♦Q.

## **Trace comparison**



### Trace #1

Name	٠	•	•	÷	F
Trace 1	4	4	2	3	
Trace 2	2	4	2	3	

Player 1 won his contract but Player 2 went down. From a DDS point of view, no trick was given at the first trick.

Both declarer attempted successfully a direct finesse against A in West, a forcing finesse against A in East and unsuccessfully a cash by rank in 🔶.

Player 1 attempted successfully a direct finesse against &KJ in West with 24% chances of success when he did it, at trick 3. Player 1 attempted successfully a direct finesse against ♥Q in East with 50% chances of success when he did it, at trick 4. Player 1 attempted successfully a cash by length in  $\bigstar$  with 53% chances of success when he did it, at trick 6. Player 2 attempted successfully a direct finesse against VQJ in East with 24% chances of success when he did it, at trick 2. Player 2 attempted successfully a cash by rank in ♥ with 0% chances of success when he did it, at trick 10.

# High level analysis (differences and similarities)

# NukkAl

AOT	Show E/W	1		W	•	8	Α	6	4	~	
32		2	•	Ν	٠	2	5	9	4	~	
AKJ92		3	•	S	٠	2	7	Q	6	~	
AJT		4	•	Ν	٠	Τ	2	4	6	~	
		5		Ν	٠	K	7	5	3	~	
		6		Ν	٠	Α	8	3	J	~	
N E		7		Ν	٠	Α	3	5	7	~	
S		8		Ν	٠	J	Q	K	8	~	
5422		9		s	٠	Α	6	3	J	~	
AKT9		10	•	s	٠	К	7	•2	Q	~	
54		11		s	٠	T	8	•9	•T	~	
K54		12		s	٠	4	K	Т	9	~	
		13		W	٠	9	٠J	٠Q	•5	~	
ISION OF THE DE	CLARER VS DOUBLE DU	MMY				ME	TAAC	TION	s		NA

### Trace #2

Result Won Lost

## **NuX explainers**



### Intelligent Dashboard over raw data





_ ぱ҉>	
NDUSTRY	

## **NuX-Finance: Analysis of financial data**

### Inputs

Heterogeneous financial data

- Credit related data
- Black box Al systems

### Financial KB











## Outputs

### Post-hoc explanations

### **Bias exploration**

### Abstraction of data

### **NuX-Finance**

NuX Finance

### Heterogeneous data sources





Explain Explore Bias	
GENERAL HIGH LEVEL CLIENT	Outputs
SavingsOperations6M \$ PostalCode Risk \$ Answer \$ 10 75 0.01 Yes	
and amount 97 %	

Load heterogeneous data and initial KB

ile cred	lit_ it.ca	1 sv		ign Dign Dign ALL	iore m iore m	issing issing	data data	a rows a columns	
revi	ew			Load					-Clients Expense -Risk is -Risk is
Clien ¢	A ¢	Name	Amo ¢	SavingsOperati \$	Postal	C Riş	Out ¢		-Client v
	28	Antone	12000	10	75	0.01	Yes		nave go
001	*0	Jung	5000	5	92	0.15	Yes		-Clients
001	19			1	92	0.60	No		
001 002 003	55	Dehoui	50000					411	no Band



nowledge	Human Knowledge:
EDGE BIAS DEFINITION	credit_risk.bk
asking for a lower amount than 1/3 x Ressources + s are asking for a safe amount (indebtness) onsidered low under 0.4 onsidered high over 0.6 ho have at least one transfert into saving per month d saving management now have less than 5% defaults on their history and se de France tags are good payers.	

Load heterogeneous data and initial KB

Cred Cred	viev lit_i	v nam 1 sv	le		ignore m ignore m	issing issing	data data	rows	8		
				Load	J						-Clients Expense -Risk is d
Previ	ew A \$	Nome	Amo e	SavingsOpera	ati e Postalo	C Rie	Out e				-Risk is a -Client w
Clien ¢	ew A \$ 28	Nome Antone	Amo e 12000	SavingsOpera 10	ati e Postalo 75	0.01	Out a Yes	Î			-Risk is a -Client w have go
Clien # 001 002	ew 28 19	Name Antone Jung	Amo # 12000 5000	SavingsOpera 10 5	ati e Postalo 75 92	0.01 0.15	Out ¢ Yes Yes	Î			-Risk is a -Client w have goo -Clients
Clien ± 001 002 003	ew 28 19 55	Name Antone Jung Dehoui	Amo e 12000 5000 50000	SavingsOpera 10 5 1	011 0 Postal 75 92 92	0.01 0.15 0.60	Out a Yes Yes No	Ì			-Risk is -Client w have go -Clients no Bang

### Define a task:

- Data Mining and exploratory analysis
- Machine Learning
- Post-hoc explanation
- Bias analysis
- Data Cleaning



nowledge	Human Knowledge:
EDGE BIAS DEFINITION	credit_risk.bk
asking for a lower amount than 1/3 x Ressources + s are asking for a safe amount (indebtness) onsidered low under 0.4 onsidered high over 0.6 ho have at least one transfert into saving per month d saving management now have less than 5% defaults on their history and se de France tags are good payers.	

Load heterogeneous data and initial KB

Cred File	lit_	1 sv		igr	iore mis iore mis	ssing	data data	a row a col	ıs umns	
				Load						
Previ	ew									
Previ	ew A \$	Name	Amo e	SavingsOperati \$	PostalC	Ri¢	Out ¢	B		
Clien a	ew 28	Name Antone	Amo e 12000	SavingsOperati ¢ 10	PostalC 75	Ri e 0.01	Out e Yes			
Clien a 001 002	<b>ew</b> 28 19	Name Antone Jung	Amo ¢ 12000 5000	SavingsOperati e 10 5	PostalC 75 92	Ri e 0.01 0.15	Out # Yes Yes	Î		
Clien	ew 28 19 55	Name Antone Jung Dehoui	Amo e 12000 5000	SavingsOperati e 10 5 1	PostalC 75 92 92	Ri ¢ 0.01 0.15 0.60	Out e Yes Yes No	Î		
Clien ± 001 002 003 005	ew 28 19 55 42	Name Antone Jung Dehoui Sanch	Amo e 12000 5000 50000 50000	SavingsOperati e 10 5 1 5	PostalC 75 92 92 93	Ri ¢ 0.01 0.15 0.60 0.30	Out # Yes Yes No No			

### MAN KI Edit Kn KNOWL -Clients a Expenses -Risk is co -Risk is co -Client wh have good -Clients h no Banqu

### **Define a task:**

- Data Mining and exploratory analysis
- Machine Learning
- Post-hoc explanation
- Bias analysis
- Data Cleaning



### Natural Language Output & Visualisations

Accept credit with low risk When savings are twice the amount asked or

more credit is usally accepted regardless of

Credit with medium risk are accepted if the amount asked is within the indeptness ratio



asking for a lower amount than 1/3 x Ressources + s are asking for a safe amount (indebtness) onsidered low under 0.4 onsidered high over 0.6 b have at least one transfert into saving per month d onvine an expression of the saving per month	
now have less than 5% defaults on their history and ue de France tags are good payers.	





Datav Cred File credi	it_1	w nam 1 sv		Opti igr igr	ions iore mis iore mis	sing	data data	rows columns	3	
				Load						
Previ	ew									
Previe	ew	Name	Amo e	SavingsOperati e	PostalC	Rie	Out e	-		
Clien a 001	28	Name Antone	Amo ¢ 12000	SavingsOperati \$ 10 5	PostalC 75	Ri = 0.01	Out a Yes	Î		
Clien # 001 002 003	28 19 55	Name Antone Jung Deboui	Amo e 12000 5000	SavingsOperati e 10 5 1	PostalC 75 92	Ri # 0.01 0.15	Out a Yes Yes No	Î		
Clien # 001 002 003 005	28 28 19 55 42	Name Antone Jung Dehoui Sanch	Amo e 12000 5000 50000 50000	SavingsOperati e 10 5 1 5 5	PostalC 75 92 92 93	Ri # 0.01 0.15 0.60 0.30	Out e Yes Yes No			





Human expert intervention:

Knowledge and data update



<u>//</u>								
	entID	¢ Age ¢	Name	Amount \$	SavingsOperations6M	\$ PostalCode	Risk \$	Output
	001	28	Antonelli	12000	10	75	0.01	Yes
	002	19	Jung	5000	5	92	0.15	Yes
	003	55	Dehouille	50000	1	92	0.60	No
	005	42	Sanchez	5000	5	93	0.30	No
	006	22	Brun	25000	5	92	0.40	Yes
	007	33	Rozimi	75000	6	91	0.10	Yes
	008	18	Hoch	2500	0	75	0.61	Yes

### **Define a task:**

- Data Mining and exploratory analysis
- Machine Learning
- Post-hoc explanation
- Bias analysis
- Data Cleaning



### Natural Language Output & Visualisations

Accept credit with low risk

When savings are twice the amount asked or more credit is usally accepted regardless of

Credit with medium risk are accepted if the mount asked is within the indeptness ratio





asking for a lower amount than 1/3 x Ressources + s are asking for a safe amount (indebtness) onsidered low under 0.4 onsidered high over 0.6 b have at least one transfert into saving per month d onvine an expression of the saving per month	
now have less than 5% defaults on their history and ue de France tags are good payers.	



## **Post-hoc explanations**

ClientID \$	Age 🛊	Name	Amount \$	SavingsOperations6M	\$ PostalCode	R
001	28	Antonelli	12000	10	75	(
002	19	Jung	5000	5	92	(
003	55	Dehouille	50000	1	92	(
005	42	Sanchez	5000	5	93	(
006	22	Brun	25000	5	92	(
007	33	Rozimi	75000	6	91	(
008	18	Hoch	2500	0	75	(
						_

### Input Data





sk ≑	Output 🗢	
0.01	Yes	
.15	Yes	
.60	No	
.30	No	
.40	Yes	
.10	Yes	
.61	Yes	

ЧН	GH LEVEL	GENERAL HIGH LEVEL CL			
entI	D: 003 👗				
ne	Amount \$	SavingsOperations6M \$	PostalCode	Risk \$	Output \$
uillle	50000	1	92	0.60	No
ana	gement (	SavingsOperations61	М —		
uto nt c	matic sav asked to b	ing transfert or be under twice the			
uto nt c holo	matic sav asked to b d (from 50	ing transfert or be under twice the 0 000 to 22 000).			
utoi nt c holo LS:	matic sav asked to b d (from 50	ing transfert or be under twice the 0 000 to 22 000).			
utoi nt c holo LS:	matic sav asked to t d (from 50 Amount ¢	ing transfert or be under twice the 0 000 to 22 000). SavingsOperations6M \$	PostalCode	Risk <b>≑</b>	Output \$
utor nt c hold LS:	matic sav asked to b d (from 50 Amount ¢ 22000	ing transfert or be under twice the 0 000 to 22 000). SavingsOperations6M \$ 1	PostalCode 92	Risk≑ 0.41	Output ≎ Yes

### Local (Client Level)

## **Bias exploration**

ClientID \$	ientID ≑ Age ≑ Name		Amount 🖨	SavingsOperations6M	\$ PostalCode	Risk
001	28	Antonelli	12000	10	75	0.0
002	19	Jung	5000	5	92	0.15
003	55	Dehouille	50000	1	92	0.60
005	42	Sanchez	5000	5	93	0.30
006	22	Brun	25000	5	92	0.40
007	33	Razimi	75000	6	91	0.10
008	18	Hoch	2500	0	75	0.6

### Input Data







_	
\$	Output 🗢
1	Yes
;	Yes
)	No
)	No
)	Yes
)	Yes
1	Yes
_	

ntial bias detected:			
oution on accepted credit (a	nswer = 'Yes')	:	
	PostalCode=75	A	Investigate
	Mean		Mark as normal
	PostalCode=93	$\checkmark$	

Bias confirmed on PostalCode effect on Risk: Risk has not the same relation to Answer based on PostalCode

1 Synthetic Counter Example:

ClientID 🖨	Age 🕏	Name	Amount 🖨	SavingsOperations6M 🖨	PostalCode	Risk 🖨	Answer 🖨
042	28	XXXX	82000	3	75	0.61	Yes
043	28	XXXX	82000	3	93	0.61	No

### Synthetic examples

## Abstraction of data: risky client

ClientID :	🗧 Age 🖨	CreditIncidents	AmountAsked 🖨	SavingsOp6M 🖨	PostalCode	Employed	SelfEmployed	MeanIncome6M	MeanExpenses6M	DurationEmployementM	FamilySize	ExpertNote 🖨	Delay 🖨	Default
001	24	0	12500	8	75	Yes	Yes	1550	250	2	0	9	0	No
002	31	1	1000	2	92	Yes	No	1250	150	120	3	5	6	Yes
003	67	0	10000	6	78	No	No	2800	1000	0	0	7	15	Yes





## Abstraction of data: reliable client

ClientID 🖨	🗧 Age 🖨	CreditIncidents	AmountAsked 🖨	SavingsOp6M 🖨	PostalCode	Employed	SelfEmployed	MeanIncome6M	MeanExpenses6M	DurationEmployementM	FamilySize	ExpertNote 🖨	Delay 🖨	Default
001	24	0	12500	8	75	Yes	Yes	1550	250	2	0	9	0	No
002	31	1	1000	2	92	Yes	No	1250	150	120	3	5	6	Yes
003	67	0	10000	6	78	No	No	2800	1000	0	0	7	15	Yes



**Target: Reliable client** 

**R1**: **dynamic entrepreneur** and duration of employement > 3 years

R4: risky client with at least decent savings management

## Conclusion







# Conclusion

### Thank you for your time





